## NEW-YORK'S CHARITY.

WHAT IS BEING DONE TO RELIEVE THOSE IN WANT.

A LONG LIST OF PLACES WHERE HELP IS EX-TENDED TO WORTHY APPLICANTS-FOOD,

SHELTER AND WORK PROVIDED. over the city the temporary and permanent relief associations are doing a tremendous amount of work in relieving distress, feeding the hungry and clothing the naked. Of course it cannot be dis-nuted that the demands for aid are much too numerous for even the well-organized and systematic charities to cope with. The prevailing method of dealing with the poor is to issue tickets for food, fuel, clothing or shelter, so that in the end really deserving persons do not suffer by being investi-

gated, while the unworthy are rejected. The Neighborhood Guild at No. 28 Delancey-st. is now working in co-operation with the Young Men's Union of Ethical Culture and the East Side Relief Association. Yesterday the number of applicants for relief was extremely large. ormula was to take the names and addresses of the applicants, and if upon investigation they are found worthy employment is given or their other requirements are looked after. Orders for clothon the Ethical Culture Union's factory, at No. 18 Delancey-st., are issued. Many of the applicants are tailors, and already 200 have been put to work in the Attorney-st, clothing factory of the East

Relief Committee. The distress on the East Side seems to grow worse ery day, and the offices of the United Hebrew Charities at No. 128 Second-ave. are crowded. The customary forlorn crowd of starving Hebrews that has stormed the place for the last fortnight gains in numbers as time goes on. Whenever possi-ble immediate relief is given, but the finds of the society are so heavily taxed that strict investiga-

The New-York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, in its statement for the last month, says that it has assisted families representsons, and also 302 unmarried applicants,

at a cost of \$4.277. For every subscription to "The Critic," which is published at No. 289 Fourth-ave., \$1 of the amount will be given, when so requested, to the East Side Relief Association to aid in helping the unemplayed. The subscription is \$3 a year.

WHERE TICKETS CAN BE OBTAINED.

It has been suggested that all persons who desire to give relief to the poor should buy lodging and meal tickets for the other forms of relief which the societies afford. Following is a list of some of the aces where relief will be given to the worthy poor where tickets can be obtained:

and where tickets can be obtained:
Foed, cooked—The Industrial Christian Alliance.
No. 179 Bleecker-st.: St. John's Protestant Episcopal
Chapel, No. 46 Varick-st., bread given out every
Saturday to poor parishioners; New-York Two-Cent Diet Kitchen, No. 300 Avenue A. supplies a portion f food for 2 cents; Sisters of the Stranger, No. 4 Greene-st.; Down Town Relief Bureau, No. 209 Fulon-st.; Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, No. 105 East Twenty-second-st.

Food, uncooked-Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood of Personal Service, No. 71 East Third-st.; Calvary Relief Bureau, No. 340 East Twenty-third-st.; Catharine Mission, No. 201 South-st.; East Side Ladies' Society, No. 101 Avenue A; Young Friends Aid Society, secretary's address, No. 457 West Fif-

Fuel-Aguilar Ald Society furnishes fuel to the uptown Hebrew poor, secretary's address, No. 249 East One-hundred-and-tenth-st.; Hebrew Benevo-lent Fuel Society, No. 128 Second-ave.; Ladies' Fuel and Ald Society, No. 199 Henry-st.; East Side Ladies' Ald Society, No. 101 Avenue A: Loan Relief Association for Sixteenth Ward, Seventh-ave, and Association for Sixteenth Ward, Seventh-ave, and Eighteenth-st.; New-York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, No. 105 East Twenty-secont-st.; Nathan Straus's coal stations, at the East River and Third-st., East River and Ruigerset, and North River and West Fifty-second-st. Clothing—Aguilar Aid Society, secretary's address, No. 239 East One-hundred-and-tenth-st., supplies clothing to uptown Hebrew poor on East Side; Ahawath Chesed Sisterhood, No. 71 East Third-st.; Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, No. 106 East Twenty-second-st.; Catharine Mission, No. 122 Catharine Silp; East Side Ladles' Aid Society, No. 161 Avenue A; Ladles' Rivur Society, No. 161 Avenue A; Ladles' Rivur Society, No. 162 Henry-st.; Sisters of the Stranger, No. 4 Greene-st.; Young Friends' Aid Society, secretary's address, No. 457 West Fifty-first-st.; "The Herald's" Free Clothing Fund, Broadway and Ann-st.

General Relief—The United Hebrew Charlies, No.

The following list of places for the aid of women, girls, men and boys has also been prepared by the society:

For Homeless Women-Biellevue Hospital (through Department of Charities and Correction), Third-ave, and Eleventh-st.; Colored Mission, No. 125 West Thirtieth-st.; Day Star Industrial Home, No. 213 West Twenty-fourth-st.; Door of Hope, No. 126 East Sixty-first-st.; French Benevolent Society's Night Refuge, No. 329 West Thirty-fourth-st.; Hope for Convalescents, No. 432 East one-hundred-and-sighteenth-st.; Hopper Home (for released prisoners), No. 116 Second-ave; House of the Good Shepherd, Ninetieth-st, and the East River; Magdalen Benevolent Society (for fallen women, especially the young), One-hundred-and-thirty-ninth-st, and the North River; Midnight Mission (for fallen women, especially the young), No. 208 West Forty-sixth-st.; St. Barnahas House, No. 208 West Forty-sixth-st.; St. Barnahas House, No. 144 West Fifteenth-st.; St. Zita's Home, No. 158 West Twenty-fourth-st.; Swiss Home, No. 168 Second-ave.; Wetmore Home Annex (for mothers and infants), No. 141 West Fourth-st.

For Girls—Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, No. 133 Second-ave.; Elizabeth Home for Girls (Children's Aid Society), No. 207 East Tweifth-st.; Free Home for Destitute Girls (Children's Aid Society), No. 207 East Tweifth-st.; Free Home for Destitute Girls (Children's No. 148 West Fourth-st., and the North River; Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, Lafayette Place and Great Jones-st.; Shelter for Respectable Girls, No. 148 West Fourth-sth-st.; Wetmore Home for Fallen and Friendless Girls, No. 49 South Washington Square.

For Men—Bowery Branch Y. M. C. A. No. 153 For Manual Planck Branch Branch For Men—Bowery Branch Y. M. C. A. No. 153 For Manual Planck Branch Br

for Fallen and Friendless Giris, No. 49 South Washington Square.

For Men-Bowery Branch Y. M. C. A., No. 153
Bewery, Christian Home for Intemperate Men,
No. 1,175 Madison-ave.; French Benevolent Society's
Night Refuze, No. 320 West Thirty-fourth-st.;
Home of Industry for Discharged Convicts, No.
221 West Sixty-third-st.; Sailors' Home, No. 190
Caerry-st.; Swiss Home, No. 128 Second-ave.
For Boys Under Eighteen Years Old-Trace Memorial Lodging-House Children's Aid Society), No.
9 Duane-st.; the following branches of the Children's Aid Society; No. 247 East Forty-fourth-st.,
No. 287 East Broadway, No. 226 Eighth-st. and No.
201 West Thirty-second-st.; Mission of the Inomaculate Virgin, Lafayette Place and Great Jones-st.
Lodgings, food and clothing will be given in all
worthy cases.

THE CHARGE ONLY NOMINAL.

In many of the places of relief mentioned a nominal charge is made, and tickets can be obtained at the headquarters of each. Persons who desire to give relief to the destitute can procure dging and meal tickets and give them to appli cants for relief rather than money. The Wayfare cants for relief rather than money. The Wayfarers' Lodge of the Charity Organization Society, at No. 165 West Twenty-eighth-st., will supply tickets which may be given in place of money to homeless men who seek ald. Each ticket will entitle the bearer to a lodging and two meals in return for a reasonable amount of labor. These tickets will be sold to societies, churches and private individuals in books of ten, the price of the book being \$1. It should be observed by people desiring relief that the societies mentioned afford relief only to the worthy poor and destitute, and that ordinary beggars receive none of the benefits of the charity. Applicants for relief can receive aid at the United Charities Building. No. 105 East Twenty-second-st. until 12 o'clock at night, and the Superintendent of Outdoor Poor will provide in the public institutions for all classes of the homeless.

A MISTAKEN IMPRESSION CORRECTED. It having been published that clothing would be distributed at the home of the Roy. Dr. Lawrence, at No. 152 Henry-st., Dr. Lawrence wishes to say that while he would be glad to give away clothing if he had it, there seems to be a mistaken impression about his house being headquarters for a charitable society, as such is not the case.

GROCERIES AND CLOTHING DISTRIBUTED. The East Side Ladies' Relief Society distributed groceries, shoes, hats, underclothing, dress goods, among 300 needy persons last evening at German Odd Fellows' Hall, No. 69 St. Mark's Place. The distribution was superintended by Mrs. Hen-rictta Wunderlich, president; Mrs. Amelia Retclaff, secretary, and Mrs. Gertrude Schopp, treasurer. This society, which is composed of eighteen German women, was incorporated in 1889. Although it is composed entirely of Germans, it extends relief to persons of all nationalities and religious creeds.



INFLAMMATIONS, HEMORRHAGES, AND ALL PAIN.

Prepared or y by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW. ORK AND LONDON. See our name on every wrapper and label.

When applications for relief are made to the president, at No. 102 Avenue A, or the secretary, No. 172 Second-st., they are investigated at once, and if the applicants are found to be worthy of assistance they receive flour, oatmeal, bread, polatoes, tee, coffee, sugar, etc., to the value of \$\mathbb{R}\$, or one-half a ton of coal, according to their necessities. No money is given to any applicant for relief.

### HELP THE LITTLE ONES.

AN EFFECTIVE METHOD OF RELIEF-ACTIVE WORK OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

To the Editor of the Tribune. Sir: The teachers and visitors connected with the Industrial Schools of the Children's Aid Society report many cases of extreme suffering and destitution among the poor of this city. Such poverty and helplessness have not been known in New-York for many years, and unusual effort must be made to meet them. There are twenty-one industrial schools. These schools have been centres of help and influence among the poor for years, and the teachers fluence among the poor for years, and the teachers of help and the following the poor for years, and the teachers and Oelbermann, Dommerich & Co., each \$100; H. A. Potter, \$25. Total to date, \$1,725. and visitors are familiar with the needs of their respective neighborhoods. There is no body of devoted women in this city so well able to help in this emergency the destitute, helpless women and children in the tenement districts. The widows, the wives of idle, sick or worthless men, the half-

wives of idle, sick or worthless men, the halfstarved, half-clothed children, all turn to our school
visitors, and the cail for help is out of all proportion to the means at hand.

In one of our schools a plan for relief is in operation which might easily be organized in all of the
twenty-one schools if the charitable public would
send us the means. The sum of \$500 has been provided by friends connected with the school. Cheap
material is purchased and cut out for various articles of clothing by one of the teachers. Destitute
women in the neighboring tenements are employed
to sew these garments and are paid at certain
rates, and the garments when finished are sold at
nominal prices to those that need them and are
unable to purchase them in the ordinary ways. By
this means the poor women can earn money
enough to tide the family through a time of distress. Weakness or ill-health, when discovered by
the visitor, can be relieved, and the school physician informed.

This method of relief is effective and economical

the visitor, can be relieved, and the school physician informed.

This method of relief is effective and economical, and there is no possibility of fraud and misrepresentation. The work is done by women who have given their lives to this profession. There will be no rent to pay, no salaries, no waste of any kind. Every dollar will go to the object it is intended for. It is not one agency covering one small district, but twenty-one such agencies covering the whole city, under experienced agents, and under the oversight of the officers of the Children's Aid Society.

the oversight of the officers of the Children's Aid Society.

An immense and most necessary relief by this means can be given. Twenty thousand dollars is needed to accomplish this, but every dollar sent us for this purpose will be judiciously used.

There are many who wish to aid the poor in this terrible winter before us. Here is a safe, practical method which this society will giadly undertake. We urge the well-to-do to come to the aid of the unfortunate and destitute.

Money and checks may be sent to George S. Coe, treasurer, No. 128 Broadway; D. Willis James, president, No. 11 Cliff-st., or to the office of the Children's Aid Society. United Charities Emidling, No. 105 East Twenty-second-st. corner Fourth-ave. Remnants, soiled goods, left over stocks of drygoods, groceries, shoes, etc., will be gladly received and wisely used.

C. LORING BRACE, Secretary, Children's Aid Society.

# FOR FIVE-CENT RESTAURANTS.

ACTIVE WORK TOWARD FURNISHING CHEAP AND GOOD MEALS.

districts.

A circular will be prepared by Charles S. Foote and addressed to all charlitable institutions in the city asking for advice and surgestions, and for the meeds of their departments which the People's Restaurant and Hotel Committee can supply. The replies from these organizations will be submitted to the Executive Committee, who will act on the advice and suggestions offered. The committee appeals to the public for funds with which to carry out the work. Contributions sent to John P. Townsend, No. 18 Wall-st., will be gratefully acknowledged, and entered as a suscial fund for this purpose. Elliott Roosevelt, Ceneral Exbert L. Viele and Eugene Van Schaick have offered their assistance and active co-operation. Subscriptions were received yesterday as follows: David H. King, jr., 259; Cornelius N. Bliss, \$100; George F. Casilear, \$25, and William R. Grace, \$9.

A note has been sent to Archbishop Corrigan, who, the committee says, has expressed a live interest in the work, asking for advice and counsel as to the selection of sites for these 5-cent restaurants, where the most destitute and worthy poor can be best reached, Charles Loring Brace, secretary of the Children's Ald Society, has written to the committee that his society is already feeding 1,600 children, and that if the committee can devise some means whereby they can furnish the society with their restaurant tickets, especially for food for home consumption, the society will place those tickets in the hands of their teachers and missionaries, and guarantee that every ticket shall reach a destitute child. The committee voted to favor this suggestion from Mr. Loring, Next Monday the committee will furnish free meals for 10,000 men at No. 170 Bleecker-st.

CHILDREN'S TABLEAUS HELP A MISSION. | employed An entertainment for the benefit of the Chapel Hill Fresh Air Mission was given yesterday afternoon at No. 6 East Fifty-third-st. The performers were all children. Little Marcia Thorne had a "thinking part" in "The Little Bachelor" and won much applause. Gwynn Lawrence, W. Barclay Parsons, jr., William Beach Lawrence, Latham R. Parsons, Jr., William Beach Lawrence, Latham R.
Reed, Mason Hasell, Miss Sylvia C. Parsons, Miss
Edith Candee, Miss Elizabeth Hurry, Miss Louise
White, Miss Dorothy Hurry, Miss Sarah King,
Miss Jane Gillet and Miss Elizabeth Reed were
among the children who appeared. Elighteen talleaus were presented, and the entire "company"
appeared in the last one—"Santa Claus." The price
of admission was 56 cents and the rooms were
crowded. The fand will probably receive about \$20
from the performance.

FOR THE POVERTY-STRICKEN IN WILLIAMS-BURG.

A branch of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor of Brooklyn has been opened at No. 50 South Eighth-st., Eastern District, for the relief of the poor in that part of the city. The Eastern District branch will work in conjunction with the Williamsburg Benevolent Society, of No. 61 Meserole-st.

with the Willamsburg Benevolett Society, of No. 81 Meserole-st.

On Monday Messrs. Friedmann & Son., bakers, Bedford-ave, and North Eleventh-st., will distribute 1,000 loaves of bread to the poor between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock. Tickets good for three loaves have been placed in the hands of the police captains in the Eastern District for distribution. The firm of C. H. Reynolds & Sons, coal dealers, Grand-st. and Newtown Creek, yesterday contributed five tons of coal to the Will-

# After the Grip

Convalencence is very slow, and to recover the health-tone a good tonic is absolutely necessary, Hood's Sarsaparilla has been used with wonderful nuccess as a building-up medicine and blood puriflor after attacks of the Grip, after Typhoid Fever. Dipatheria, Pneumonia, or other prostrating dis-cases. It possesses just the building-up effect so much needed; it vitalizes and enriches the thin and impoverished blood, and it invigorates the kid-neys and stimulates the liver so that they resume regular and healthy action. Thousands of people have taken

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

as a preventive of the Grip with success. Thou nands have found in it restoration to health and strength after this dreaded complaint. He sure to

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peris-

ismsburg Benevolent Society, to be distributed among the poor.

REMEMBER THE HOSPITALS. ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED, AND

LARGE COLLECTIONS HOPED FOR. To-morrow is Hospital Status, weather the association is hopeful of a large collection in the churches for the benefit of the asciated hospitals, now caring, with diminished incomes, for increased numbers of the sick poor. reports the following additional contributions to reports the following additional contributions to the General Fund; Drexel, Morgan & Co., \$1.300; Holy Trinity Church, Episcopal, \$400; Baring, Magoun & Co. and John S. Lyle, each \$20; Baring, Magoun & Co. and John S. Lyle, each \$20; Bank of Montreal and employes, \$11; Althen, Son & Co., Morris K. Jesup, John H. Wyman and Joan Wolfe, each \$100; Comacha Roldan & Van Sickel, \$20; Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, F. W. Devoe, Adams Express Company "A. W. C." each \$30; S. Stornau & Co. and employes, \$23; Eugene Kelly & Co., \$25; Clarence S. Day and A. A. Cowles, each \$25; Dick & Fitzgerald, Fusser & Co., Charles Collins, Charles Scribner's Sons, Mr. and Mrs. Francis G. Gorham, George Ringler Brewing Company, Henry Ellas Brewing additions to the "Woman's Fund". Mrs. Anead Weerishoffer, \$100; Mrs. John A. Lowery treasurer of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Association, No. 32 West Thirty-fifth-st. reports the following additions to the "Woman's Fund". Mrs. Annaw Weerishoffer, \$100; Mrs. Henry Munroe, \$50; Miss Kneeland, Mrs. Mary Penniman, Miss Penfold, Mrs. W. Harris, Mrs. P. P. Avery and Mrs. W. Atwill, each \$25; Mrs. Charles R. Filmt, \$20; Mrs. Buffus P. Lihoom, Mrs. William H. Phillips, Mrs. Berryman, Mrs. L. Morris, "Y. Z.," Miss Freilinghaysen, Mrs. H. W. Smith, Mrs. Charles Sonysmith, Mrs. Anson W. Harri, Miss Aymur and Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, \$10; Mrs. Gutr. Mrs. T. F. Measter, Mrs. F. G. Brown, Mrs. E. Milnas, Mrs. Frederick F. Cook and Anonymous, \$5; Byam K. Stevens, \$25.

A. W. Kingman, treasurer of the Dryzoods Auxthe General Fund: Drexel, Morgan & Co., \$1,000;

## HE WILL DO ALL IN HIS POWER.

THE CITY WILL PROVIDE WORK AS FAR AS

Mayor Gilroy was called upon yesterday by a ommittee of fifteen, representing seventy-two labor organizations, appointed at the Delancey-st, meeting of Thursday, who urged upon him the necessity for the municipal provision of work for the unemployed. Stanton Coit, head worker of the University Settlement, was the spok soman. In his address them. He asked that the city should provide as much work as possible for the unemployed, and he thought it would be proper to prevent unemployed persons from coming here from other cities. The labor unions, he said, could not ask for charity, but they wanted work.

labor unions, he said, could not ask for charity, but they wanted work.

Mr. Colt asked what the city could do, but the Mayor replied that it would be impossible to answer the question just then.

In his short speech in reply the Mayor promised to do anything within his pover and within the law. If he exceeded the law he would make himself liable to indictment and improvement. But he felt sure that work would be found for a large number of laborers. The chief problem was in finding work for those who had lost their employment in the factories and shops. Of course, to cloak-makers, shoemakers, and other trades generally the city could furnish ho work. The winter, he feared, was going to be a severe one on poor people.

The Mayor suggested the appointment of a smaller committee to confer with him. He hardly thought it necessary to station men at the gates of the city to keep the unemployed from other places out of New-York. The generous learned people of this city would provide for all within its limits. It was suggested to the Mayor that there was a presedent for his going beyond the law in emersancies. It was Governor Flower's action last year in the case of Fire Island. The Mayor thought the case not analogous. No law had been violated when Governor Flower purchased Fire Island.

The sub-committee to confer with the Mayor will be appointed in a few days.

#### OVER 2,200 PEOPLE FED.

REPORT OF THE PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE FOR THE AID OF THE HUNGRY. Oliver Sumner Teall, the chairman of the Pro-

The first meeting of the Executive Committee of the People's Restaurant and Hotel Committee was aces his report for December 2 with the follow-

# HE WILL ALSO REN HIS MILLS IN ORDER TO

The unemployed poor in Pittsburg will not suffer essened by the generous action of Andrew Car negie, who has guaranteed to subscribe daily, for two months, a sum equal to the entire subscriptions charity may cost him \$280,000, if not more, before As these contributions are liberal, Mr. Carnegle

As these contributions are liberal, Mr. Carnegle's charity may cost him \$200,000, if not more, before March 1.

To a Tribune reporter yesterday, Mr. Carnegle said: "I do not know how this ofter of mine has become known, but as long as it has, you can confirm the truth of it. I shall do as I have promised. I have not made the proposition to please any one but myself. It is not exactly charity, but simply assistance for men who deserve it. I shall run the mills, even if it entails a loss, and thus give employment to men who otherwise would suffer for the actual necessities of life. I want no producter has gained publicity."

Mr. Carnegle sails for Europe on January t. Some time and he resolved to ald the unemployed men in Pittsburg, and wrote to Robert Pitcairn, a prominent clitzen of that city, who is a member of the Relief Committee there, making the offer, as already stated, to give an equal sum to that contributed by the citizens of Pittsburg up to hassi for each working day for the next two months. In conclusion, Mr. Carnegle wrote: "If wealth does its duty in Pittsburg in this orisis, the good feeling produced will be no small compensation, even for the suffering endured."

Pittsburg, Dec. 29. The movement for the relief of the unemployed of Pittsburg reselved a new impetus at the meeting of the Chizens Relief Cammittee to-day, when Robort Pitcairn, chairman of the Finance Committee, presented the letter of Andrew Carnegle, printed gesterday. The letter was accompanied by an extended report from Mr. Pitcairn, in which he said:

"Mr Carnegle will contribute a sum equal to what the citizens of Pittsburg contribute, dollar for dollar, the total of his contributions not to exceed \$250,000, and to date from the beginning of the undertaking."

A resolution thanking Mr. Carnegle, and wishing him and Mrs. Carnegle a pleasant voyage, was telegraphed to the Iron manufacturer in New-York.

York.

The general contributions to date approximate \$61,000. Mr. Carnegie's duplication makes it \$122,000. The committee has about 2,000 men at work in the parks at \$1 a day.

TO HOLD A "NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION." An invitation to eat a free meal on New Year's Day is extended to 1,000 people by Dr. J. Hartmann, of No. 251 West Thirty-seventh-st. Promptly at noon on Monday a varioud of food and a wagonnoon on Monday a vaniond of food and a wagon-load of milk will drive up to the northeast corner of Broadway and Thirty-fifth-st., and tickets good for a loaf of white or black bread, a half pound of corned beef, a tin can full of milk, and fruit will be given to each holder of a the Tickets will be given to all except intoxicated persons until the supply gives out. The line will form in Broadway, above Thirty-fifth-st., facing south. Proper police arrangements to preserve order have been ands.

Proper police arrangements to preserve order have been made.

Dr. Hartmann, who gives the dinner, pays all the expenses; he is a practising physician, and has done much work among the West Side tenements; he says that the "New Year's Reception," as he terms it, was suggested to him by the hard times, and he wishes to do a little to alleviate the great distress. The "reception" will probably cos: \$20.

A CHRISTMAS TREE DISTRIBUTION.

by the Charity Organization Society was held at Adelphi Hall, Seventh-ave, and Fifty-second-st. and Destrosses Streets.

## COLLEGE STUDENTS

Who are residing in New-York City and vicinity during the itolidays should take advantage of the opportunity to purchase a HOBGDAN MACISTYONH. The styles we are now feriog for sale are the most rovel and styli he that have ever been shown, and would wen a cpay a visit of inspection.

HODGMAN RUBBER COMPANY,

Corner Grand Street. 21 WEST 23D-ST.

Thursday afternoon, Mrs. Fish was assisted by Mrs. William S. Hawk, Mrs. George W. Ely, Mrs. James Taleott, Mrs. J. Henry Lane, Mrs. Charles W. Hogan, the Misses Lusk, Mrs. Archibaid Shaw, Mrs. Paniel Goldschmidt, the King's Daughters of Zion and St. Timothy, and many others, who contributed freely of their money to make it a success. The children not only received toys in profusion, but each one was provided with two suits of clothing throughout, and caps and hoods. Every mother received comfortable, warm flannels, shoes and one-half a ton of coal. Hawk & Wetherbee, of the Windsor Hotel, gave ice cream, oranges and cake for all.

#### GREAT DISTRESS IN PATERSON.

ABOUT FIFTEEN THOUSAND MEN OUT OF EMpublic charity in Paterson, N. J. The central re-lief station, under the care of citizens' comby women who act as visitors to the homes of the poor. There are over 100 of these women, and The Police Commission, which controls the Poor-master's Department, is working in harmony with The Police Commission, which control muster's Department, is working in harmony with the citizens movement to prevent "repeating" by the unscrupulous. Many cases of fraud and processional mendicancy have been discovered, but there is no doubt of the existence of much genuine misery. A coal station sells coal at wholesale cost price to the needy in small quantities, and to the most destifute it is given free, the Coal Dealors' Exchange of the city having already contributed sixty-three tons for this purpose. By a conservative estimate 15,00 persons usually employed in the manufacturing industries of the city are now out of work, and most of the others are on short time or cut wages. The two great locumetrie establishments of the Cooke and Regers companies are idle; the Dolphin Jute Mill is closed altogether, and Harbour's great flax mills only employ about a quarter of their usual force. The slik mills are not making a fourth of their normal production. The Dolphin Company has sent word from its New-York office that none of its idle hands need apply for public relief, as it will take care that they do not lack the actual necessities of life. Citizens are contributing liberally to the general relief fund. Senator McPherson has sent a check for \$250. The Mamil Maize Company, of Toledo. Onlo, has sent to Mayor Braun, for distribution to the poor, 2,50 pounds of white cornmeal.

The treasurer of the People's Ritchen, No. 58. Seventh-ave., acknowledges the receipt of the folowing: Dr. Smith, Central Presbyterian Church, additional, \$125; J. Castrae Williams, \$5; Mrs. H. you Gebren and N. Bopp, \$2 each; L. J. Bill and John Elch, H each; Hekets sold, \$2,60; previously acknowledged, \$225; total cash, \$58,50.

Also for provisions: Acser, Merrall & Condit, groceries; Robe Brothers, barrel of meat; Herman Richtberg, bread.

### NORTHERN PACIFIC AFFAIRS.

RECEIVERS PREPARING TO STRIKE BACK AT THE IVES PARTY.

MR. PAYNE AND HIS COUNSEL REFER TO THE CONTEST-GRIEVANCES OF THE EM-

PLOYES OF THE ROAD.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 29.-It is said that when the Northern Facilic receivers file their answer to the petition for their removal there will be some very sensational counter-charges made. Received mittee, was temporary chairman. There were present David H. King, jr.; Albert Stickney, Louis Windmuller, John Seely Ward, jr.; Henry H. Pike, Alfred L. White, Arthur W. Milbury, George D. MacKay and Charles S. Foote. It is the purpose of the organization to found five-cent restaurants and the organization to found five-cent restaurants and the present charitable institutions in feeding the poor.

There was temporary chairman. There were present on the headquarters of the Provisional Committee for the Aid of the Hungry, at Breadman other. The receivers, he said, had faithfully administered their trust, and had managed the road economically and profitably. There was no ground in feeding the poor.

urkee, accompanied by Senator Spooner and a right on the heefs of the announcement formal declaration of war against Receiver made by Bravton Ives Oakes, who has been in conference with Mr. tooday, read the petition aver curefully for 1st time this exenting and afterward gave out dowing statement. I have just read the petitand I find that it is a repetition, in another of the statements made by the so-calculommittee about a year age, and which were answered at the time in the official regist of corporation. While, of course, regretting the caree of a renewal of these general charges using the care of a renewal of these general charges using the care of a renewal of these general charges using the care of a renewal of these general charges using the care of a renewal of these general charges using the care of a renewal of the payeneral charges using the care of a renewal of these general charges resurt, where in the usual way they can be court, where in the usual way they can be rived in the state of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, also the agreement as the committee of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, also have been as the committee of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, also the afternoon a sub-committee of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, and the product of the conference Committee met General sets afternoon a sub-committee of the Northern Pacific Conference Committee met General sets the afternoon a sub-committee of the Northern Pacific Railway Company and the privilege of submitting a written state roug following it with a brief oral argument, officials of the road who are to meet the men are rail Superintendent Kimberly, Superintendent follower Hickey and General Manager Field.

fall colive Power Hickey and General Manager Irick.

The Haute, Ind., Dec. 29 (Special)—Grand Masargent and Secretary Arnold, of the Brotherof Firemen, to day were served with notices of Eiremen, to day were served with notices of court, at Milwankee, against ordering or a Court, at Milwankee, against ordering or account a strike on the Northern Pacific road.

Sargent said. The restraining order will not ence my action in the least. I will continue to assumes at the same old stand and by the methods. Not that I care to go to jail or get a squabble with the United States courts, but ere must be a victim upon whom to make a 1 might as well he the man as any one slee."

Sargent insists that the receivers will yet see blander by bringing this proceeding. The mean not yet received a definite answer from the vers as to the schedule. It was the intention, answer was not satisfactory, to aspeal to ourt which appointed the receivers and, failing to take a vote as to whether they should not at work on the schedule proposed by the teers. Therefore a strike is far oft, and the intention proceeding premature. occivers. Therefore a strike is far off, and the in anothen proceeding premature.

A telegram was received this evening saying that hief Wilkinson, of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, ocid start to-misal for St. Paul, where a counter-cition would be filed in the United States Court-enorrow. A meeting of the executive officers of the six Brotherhoods which are in the federation as been culled for January 4, to be held probably if Chicago, at which the general question of the dation of the courts to the employment of men on hads in the hands of receivers will be considered.

# PRESIDENT CLARK SAYS THE NEW-HAVEN ROAD

MAY TARE THE NEW-ENGLAND AND RUN IT.

Boston, Dec. 29—A New-Haven dispatch to "The Herald" quotes President Clark of the New-Haven road as saying that it seems likely that the second mortgage bondholders of the New-York and New-England will reorganize the road, strip it of its purprofitable leases, clean up the property and run R.

Mr. Clark says there may be a margin of equity for the preferred stock and a very small amount for the company stock, but all there is in it represents. MAY TAKE THE NEW-ENGLIND AND RUN IT. common stock, but all there is in it represents

the common stock, but all there is in it represents intration.

The New-Haven road, Mr. Clark says, holds side, one of the New-York and New-England second mortgage bonds that were taken when the road was placed in the hands of a receiver ten years ago. Mr. Clark says further that the New-York and New-England has not made any money on its through fresight, and that it has been burdened by some very unprofitable lenges, notably the Meridan, Waterbury and Cronwell.

MR. PERRY'S RECORD AS A FINANCIER. Providence, Dec. 29.-Marsden J. Perry, who was appointed receiver for the New-England road in Baston to-day, began business here as a broker in a small way in the seventics. He then opened a The annual "Christmas Tree" given by Mrs. Arthur Elliott Fish to the poor families investigated private banking house, under the name of Mars-den J. Perry, which was changed later to M. J. Change of Denots.

Company when it was doing nothing, and was looked upon as a wildcat stock venture, absorbed a rival concern and then rehabilitated the main

plant, securing contracts with the city to light a few of the principal thoroughfares. Then he obtained from the Legislature acts granting exclusive twenty-year franchises for electric lighting and power and electric railroads for the entire city on terms highly favorable to the corporations. This combined the interests of the Narragansett Lighting Company and of the Union Railroad Company, and finally brought them into the United Traction Company of New-Jersey.

#### TRUNK LINE PRESIDENTS MEET. THE ACTION OF THE JOINT EXECUTIVE COM-

MITTEE IN RESTORING RATES APPROVED. The presidents of the trunk line railroads held a meeting yesterday at Commissioner Goddard's office, in the Central Building, to discuss the rate situation as affected by the Lake Shore's confessions of "shading," At the meeting of the joint Executive Committee last week President John Newell of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad stated that his road had been cutting rates since September, 1892. His justification the action was that it was necessary to meet the ompetition carried on in the same way by the Grand Trunk Railroad of Canada. His admission of the fact naturally created something of a sen-sation in the meeting, the special object of which was to prevail on the New-York, Lake Eric and Western Railroad to cease its open reductions, and to agree to a complete restoration of rates from James v. 1

ABOUT FIFTEEN THOUSAND MEN OUT OF EMPLOYMENT-EFFORTS TO HELP THE FOOR.
About 2.00 persons are now fed every day by
public charity in Paterson, N. J. The central reBlef station, under the care of citizens' committee, is open three times a week in the old
Central Market in Ellison-st., giving out food and
ciciting to applicants who present tickets furnished
by women who act as visitors to the homes of
the paor. There are over 100 of these women, and
their field of work is divided into thirty-six districts.
The Police Commission, which controls the Poormaster's Department, is working in harmony with
the citizens' movement to prevent "repeating" by
the unscrupulous. Many cases of frand and protices spional mendicancy have been discovered, but
tener is no doubt of the existence of much genuine
misery. A coal station sells coal at wholesale
toost price to the needy in small quantities, and
to the most destitute it is given free, the Coal
Dealer's Exchange of the city having already contributed sixty-three tons for this purpose.

#### THREE ANCILLARY RECEIVERS. JUDGE COLT'S MIDDLE COURSE-HE APPOINTS MARSDEN J. PERRY BESIDES MR. PLATT AND MR. HART.

Boston, Dec. 28.-In the United States Circuit Court, at 10 o'clock this forenoon, before Judge Colt, arguments were resumed on the application for the appointment of temporary receivers for the New-York and New-England Railroad Company

the appointment of temporary to the appointment of temporary in Massachusetts and Rhode Island. The different interests were represented by W. C. Loring and A. A. Strout, of Boston; C. E. Perkins, of Hartford, and Mr. Platt, of Boston; C. E. Perkins, of Hartford, and Mr. Platt, of Hoardman & Platt, of New-York. The proceedings were opened by Mr. Perkins, who desired the court to appoint William T. Hart. After listening to long arguments by counsel on both sides, Judice Colf said:

"It seems to me that the appointment of either Mr. Platt or Mr. Hart would operate injuriously for the property. There are conflicting interests, It would seem from the earnestness with which counsel press for the appointment of their respective receivers that there is some alivantage to be gained by the temporary appointment. There must be something back of these efforts. Neither party should be allowed any advantage, and therefore I think that both Mr. Platt and Mr. Hart should be appointed with a third receiver, and I will appoint those two and Marsien J. Perry a third receiver; bonds to be \$6,000 each."

CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS POSTPONED. Hartford, Conn., Dec. 29.—Sheriff Preston and Re-ceiver Sherwood, of the Philadelphia, Reading and New-England Railread, did not face the contempt proceedings before Judge Townsend, in New-Haven, this afternoon. Arrangements were made by Ar-thur Perkins, representing the New-England receivership, and Charles E. Cross, representing Mr. Shersod, to have the hearing postponed until Monday. It was of importance that the senior counsel for teceiver Hart, Charles E. Perkins, should be pres-

Receiver Hart. Charles E. Perkins, should be present at the contempt proceedings. This could not be to-day, as Mr. Perkins was in Hoston to appear before Judge Colt, of the United States Circuit Court, to make application for the appointment of Mr. Hart as New-England receiver for Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

Arrangements have been entered into whereby the traffic of the road will be carried on with as much expedition as possible, and with no interference on behalf of the ciaim of Mr. Sherwood. The road has three mogules and twenty-seven lighter engines under attachments, but there are several Raldwin compound engines that are under lease, not subject to attachment. With the arrangements now made the freight traffic, which came near being completely blocked yesterday, will be reamined. The passenger traffic has not been interfered with at all, and trains are running to-day as usual. It is believed that eventually there will be only one receiver for the whole property. The hearings before Judge Wallace on January 19 and before Judge fore Judge Wallace on January 19 and before Judge Townsend on January 12 will determine who that receiver will be. The road cannot be successfully operated by diverse interests.

by the Charry Granization Select, are one every tilled and brome setting the selection of the city's worthy pose, and account to the city's worthy pose, and account the city's worthy pose, and account to the city's worthy to the worth to the city's worthy pose, and account to the city's worthy to the worthy to the city's worthy pose, and account to the city's worthy against the Rock Island in connection with the sale of California tickets on which it was alleged excessive commissions had been paid. The case had neviously been before the local association, which convicted the accused road and imposed a fine of \$125\$. Subsequently the local association decided that it had exceeded its authority in trying the case, and reconsidered its authority in trying the case, and reconsidered its authority in trying the case, and reconsidered its action, referring the whole matter to the chairman of the general association for adjudication. At the hearing this afternoon the point was made that the case was not properly before the chairman. The chairman overfuled this point and decided the case was regularly before him, and that he should proceed with the hearing. Against this decision an appeal was taken to arbitration. Meantine the chairman will reserve his decision as to the merits of the charges.

UNIFORM CLASSIFICATION EXPECTED. Chicago, Dec. 26.-Western members of the Unform Classification Committee are of opinion that form Classification committee are of opinion that uniform classification will be in effect within the next sixty days at furthest. The plan submitted at the meeting in New-York last week has been indorsed as a whole. The only points of disagree-ment which were developed there were matters of detail which can easily be harmonized.

CHANGE OF STATIONS. Reginning Monday, January 1, the Lehigh Valley Railroad trains will leave stations at the foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts., and also by the Brooklyn Annex from Brooklyn.

A BONDHOLDERS' COMMITTEE SUED. Portland, Ore., Dec. 29.-Fay & Gest, attorneys for the Oregon Pacific, have brought suit against the Bondholders Committee of the road for legal services. They claim \$82.26. In aldition, they claim to have paid out \$4,000 at the request of Chairman James A. Elair, of the committee.

HUNTINGTON CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY. Louisville, Ky., Dec. 29.-The last of the railroad possessions of C. P. Huntington in Kentucky was brought into litigation in the Federal Courts this norning, when the Ohio Valley Railway Company morning, when the Onio tank
was made the defendant in a suit brought by the
Newport News and Mississippi Valley Company,
asking that a receiver be appointed for the Ohio
Valley Company. The plaintiff states that it is a
creditor of the Ohio Valley to the extent of \$90,003 it. Judgment for this sum has been secured, and it is claimed that the road is hopelessly insolvent. elaimed that the road is hoperessy inserven.

Before the filing of this case, suits were brought by W. H. Brewn, Sons & Co., Jordan Giles, W. H. Cleedley, E. Randelph Robinson and W. H. Tilling-

Goodley, E. Randolph Robinson and W. H. Tillinghurt, first mortgage bondholders, asking that an injunction be granted restraining the Ohio Valley

UNION PACIFIC REORGANIZATION. Boston, Dec. 29.-Union Pacific officials say they have had no information concerning the reorganiza-tion plans outlined by Mr. Thurston. They also assert that the Reorganization Committee is 114 new doing anything of importance, and is not likely to do so until after Mr. Bossevam returns from Europe and Congress reasonables.

THE "BIG FOUR'S" HUNT FOR BUSINESS. Chicago, Dec. 29.—A war in passenger rates is threatened between Cincinnati and St. Louis. The "Hig Four" has become a most aggressive competitor for the business, and is accused of acts that would not bear the light of investigation in securing it. The Ohlo and Mesissippi has been the greatest sufferer from the alleged depredations of the "Big Four." It has put on the war paint and served notice on its competitors that it will here-

Remember To-morrow is 'Hospital Sunday.



When my little girl was one menth old, she had a stab form on her face. It kept spreading until she was completely covered from head to foot. Then she had boils. She had forty on her head at one time, and more on her body. When six months old she did not weigh seven pounds, a pound and a half less than at birth. Then her skin started to dry up and got so had she could not shut her eyes to sleep, but laid with them half open. About this time, at the earnest request of friends, I started using the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and in one month she was completely cured. in one month she was completely cured. The doctor and drug bills were ever one hundred dollars, the Cutiura bill was not more than five dollars. My child is now two years old, strong, healthy and large as any child of her age (see photo.) and it is all owing to CUTICHEA. Yours with a Mother's Blessing, MRS. GEO. H. TUCKER, Ja., 335 Greenfield Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis. Sold throughout the world. Portug Dates AND CHES. Cours. Sole representations. Poston. Mailed free, "All about the Blood. Skim, Stale, and Hair."

after make open reductions for every secret cut it has reason to believe the "Big Four" is making.

#### FOR THE CONTROL OF READING. A LIVELY CONTEST AT THE COMING ELECTION

-THE RECEIVERS CONFIDENT OF VICTORY. Philadelphia, Dec. 29 (Special).-At the annual Philadelphia, Dec. 29 (Special)—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, which will be held in the Reading Terminal Building a week from next Monday, there will for the first time in many years be a lively contest for the control of the company. One ticket will contain the names of President Joseph S. Harris and the present Board of Managers, who are seeking re-election, while another will be headed with the name of Isaac L. Rice, who agers, who are seeking re-election, while another will be headed with the name of Isaac L. Rice, who came into prominence by his exposure of the methods of Reading's former management, and who has since been trying to convince the courts and the public that the present receivers should be removed. What other names will appear on the Rice ticket has not yet been learned. Mr. Rice bases his opposition wholly on the ground that the Reading's affairs are now being mismanaged, and that the company's only hope of salvation lies in the elevation of himself to the presidency and subsequently to the receivership. A vigorous campaign in the interests of Mr. Rice is being carried on by a security-holders' committee consisting of Richard E. Hartshorn, Henry R. Carey and Jacob Scholle, with headquarters in New-York. In soite of the energetic labors of this committee, supplemented by the personal canvass, Mr. Rice is making, however, all indications point to the re-election of President Harris and his associates on the board by a substantial majority. Most of the stockholders in this city have expressed themselves as opposed to Mr. Rice's candidacy, and many of whom have already furnished proxies to be voted for the Harris ticket to the Reading officials. In New-York Mr. Rice has a larger following, but the present officials are confident that a considerable proportion of the stockhold in that city will be voted in their interest. The disposition of the foreign vote is considered doubtful. The receivers express no anxiety as to the result of the election, but are confident doubtful.

#### TRUST COMPANIES OBJECT TO WILSON. JUDGE CALDWELL MAY APPOINT ANOTHER

EASTERN MAN RECEIVER OF THE SANTA FE. Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 29.—President Edward King of the Union Trust Company of New-York, which holds a \$150,000,000 mortgage on the Santa Fe, is said to object to the appointment of Joseph . Wilson, of Topeka, as one of the receivers, and it is said that Judge Caldwell may revoke the appointment unless harmony prevails. The Mercantile Trust Company also objects to Mr. Wilson, and it is understood that he has gene East to try to smooth matters over. No objection has ever beer made to Mr. Wilson personally. The trust company merely wants another Eastern man. A fight will be made for Wilson because it is held that a Western man should have one of the places.

Little Rock, Ark. Dec. 29.—Merrit Starr, of the firm of Miller & Starr, attorneys, of Chicago, appeared before United States Circuit Judge Caldwell to-day in the interest of the Santa Fe receiverships. Anciliary bills were presented and an order drawn in the Circuit Courts for the United States districts as follows: Western District of Arkansas, southern western and central divisions of the Western District of Missouri, and in the Circuit Court for the District of Kansas. The same receivers were appointed as in the parent bill, and under the same terms and orders. F. D. Kenna is also here on business perfaining to the Frisco line of the Santa Fe case, and held an interview with the Court this morning, but no additional action was taken. tile Trust Company also objects to Mr. Wilson, and

There was no formal meeting of the receivers of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad yesterday, owing to the absence of Mr. Wilson, who did not reach this city in time. It is expected that the receivers will meet between now and January I, and formulate some line of action regarding the road.

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

STORMS IN THE SOUTH AND WEST.

Wa-hington, Dec. 20. The area of high pressure has eved from Munitoba to the north of Lake Superior. A second high area has moved from the Middle Pacitie A second high area has moved from the Middle Pacific of the North Pacific. A serim has developed in the West shift, and a second storm appears to be developing to the west of Mantane. But or show has fathen in the Missouri and Orbo valleys in the lake Sections, the middle Guiff, the middle Guiff, the middle and morth Adamic States. The temperature has sensined stationary in the Atlantic States, and has remember titlen elsewhere.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For New-England and Flastern New-York, Hight rain, turning to snew; northwest which; molerate cold wave.
For New-Jersey, Flastern Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, the District of Columbia and Virginia, light

Maryland, the District of Common and Virginia, light with, turning to snow, probably fair in the offermont cold wave, north winds.

For North Carolina and South Carolina showers; moderate cold wave; which becoming northwest.

For Georgia and Arithma, showers; colder in the meteric; north winds.

For West Virginia, fair; much solder; north winds.

For Western N w North, West in Termssivinia and othics, graceauth fair, proceeded by light shower to smith or in the early maining on the lokes; much colder; north winds.

For Indiana and Illinois, fair; colder; north winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



Tribune Office, Dec. 30, 1 a.m.—The weather yester-day was fair and warner. The thermometer reached 50 degrees in the atternoon; the lowest was 40, and the average (13%) was 42 degrees higher than on Thursday, and 21% higher than on the corresponding day last year. The weather to-day is likely to be showery, the rain turning to light snow under the influence of an approaching cold wave.

Scrofula Miss Della Stevens, of Boston, Mass., writes: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula for which I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians, but none relieved me. After taking six bottles of I am now well. I am very grate-ful to you as I feel that it saved me from a life of untold agony, and shall take pleasure in speaking only words of praise for the wenderful medicine, and in recommending it to all.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.